

In this class, students will learn how to create, retrieve, and manipulate objects in Oracle 11g Structured Query Language (SQL). Students will also be introduced to Oracle 10g database features and tools. The Oracle 11g release has greatly enhanced the features and functionality of PL/SQL. Students will learn the fundamentals of the PL/SQL programming language. Students will write stored procedures, functions, packages, and triggers, and implement complex business rules in Oracle. Students will learn programming, management, and security issues of working with PL/SQL program units. Programming topics will include the built-in packages that come with Oracle, the creation of triggers, and stored procedure features. This course is a combination of “Introduction to Oracle 11g SQL Programming” and “Introduction to Oracle 11g PL/SQL Programming.”

Course Objectives:

- Describe the features of a Relational Database.
- Interact with a Relational Database Management System.
- Use SQL*Plus to connect to an Oracle database and submit SQL statements.
- Write SQL queries.
- Use SQL functions.
- Use a query to join together data items from multiple tables.
- Write nested queries.
- Perform summary analysis of data in a query.
- Add, change, and remove data in a database.
- Manage database transactions.
- Work in a multi-user database environment.
- Create and manage tables and other database objects.
- Control access to data.
- Create triggers on database tables.
- Use PL/SQL's datatypes for database and program data.
- Use program structure and control flow to design and write PL/SQL programs.
- Create PL/SQL stored procedures and functions.
- Write robust programs that handle runtime exceptions.
- Use PL/SQL's collection datatypes.
- Use cursors to work with database data.
- Use bulk operations for improved performance.
- Use the packages supplied with Oracle.
- Design and write your own packages.
- Maintain and evolve your PL/SQL programs.
- Manage the security of your stored PL/SQL programs

Audience: Database application developers.

Prerequisites: Familiarity with relational database concepts as well as a solid understanding of 3GL programming are required.

Number of Days: 5 days

<p>1 Course Introduction Course Objectives Course Overview Using the Workbook Suggested References</p> <p>2 Relational Database and SQL Overview Review of Relational Database Terminology Relational Database Management Systems SQL Datatypes Introduction to SQL</p> <p>3 Oracle Database Oracle Versioning and History Logical and Physical Storage Structures Datatypes Overview of Oracle Architecture Connecting to Oracle SQL*Plus Graphical Clients The Oracle Data Dictionary Sample Database</p> <p>4 SQL Queries – The SELECT Statement The SELECT Statement Choosing Rows with the WHERE Clause NULL Values Compound Expressions IN and BETWEEN Pattern Matching: LIKE and REGEXP_LIKE The CASE...WHEN Expression Creating Some Order</p> <p>5 Scalar Functions SQL Functions Using SQL Functions String Functions Regular Expression Functions Numeric Functions Date Functions Date Formats Conversion Functions</p>	<p>Literal Values Intervals Oracle Pseudocolumns</p> <p>6 SQL Queries - Joins Selecting from Multiple Tables Joining Tables Self Joins Outer Joins Equijoins, Non-equijoins & Antijoins</p> <p>7 Aggregate Functions & Advanced Techniques Subqueries Correlated Subqueries The EXISTS Operator The Aggregate Functions Nulls and DISTINCT Grouping Rows Combining SELECT Statements</p> <p>8 Data Manipulation and Transactions The INSERT Statement The UPDATE Statement The DELETE Statement Transaction Management Concurrency Explicit Locking Data Inconsistencies Loading Tables from External Sources</p> <p>9 Data Definition and Control Statements Datatypes Defining Tables Constraints Inline Constraints Modifying Table Definitions Deleting a Table Definition Controlling Access to Your Tables</p> <p>10 Other Database Objects Views Creating Views Updatable Views Sequences Indexes</p> <p>11 Triggers Beyond Declarative Integrity</p>
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	Triggers		
	Types of Triggers		
	Trigger Sequencing		
	Row-Level Triggers		
	Trigger Predicates		
	Trigger Conditions		
	Using SEQUENCES		
	Cascading Triggers and Mutating Tables		
	Generating an Error		
	Maintaining Triggers		
12	PL/SQL Variables and Datatypes	16	Records, Collections, and User-Defined Types
	Anonymous Blocks		Record Variables
	Declaring Variables		Using the %ROWTYPE Attribute
	Datatypes		User-Defined Object Types
	Subtypes		VARRAY and Nested TABLE Collections
	Character Data		Using Nested TABLES
	Dates and Timestamps		Using VARRAYs
	Date Intervals		Collections in Database Tables
	Anchored Types		Associative Array Collections
	Assignment and Conversions		Collection Methods
	Selecting into a Variable		Iterating Through Collections
	Returning into a Variable		
13	PL/SQL Syntax and Logic	17	Cursors
	Conditional Statements – IF/THEN		Multi-Row Queries
	Conditional Statements – CASE		Declaring and Opening Cursors
	Comments and Labels		Fetching Rows
	Loops		Closing Cursors
	WHILE and FOR Loops		The Cursor FOR Loop
	SQL in PL/SQL		FOR UPDATE Cursors
	Local Procedures and Functions		Cursor Parameters
14	Stored Procedures & Functions	18	Bulk Operations
	Stored Subprograms		Bulk Binding
	Creating a Stored Procedure		BULK COLLECT Clause
	Procedure Calls and Parameters		FORALL Statement
	Parameter Modes		FORALL Variations
	Named Parameter Notation		Bulk Returns
	Default Arguments		Bulk Fetching with Cursors
	Creating a Stored Function		
	Stored Functions and SQL		19
	Invoker's Rights		Using Packages
15	Exception Handling		Packages
	SQLCODE and SQLERRM		Oracle-Supplied Packages
	Exception Handlers		The DBMS_OUTPUT Package
	Nesting Blocks		The DBMS_UTILITY Package
	Scope and Name Resolution		The UTL_FILE Package
		20	Creating Pipes with DBMS_PIPE
			Writing to and Reading from a Pipe
			The DBMS_METADATA Package
			XML Packages
			Networking Packages
			Other Supplied Packages
			Creating Packages
			Structure of a Package

The Package Interface and
Implementation
Package Variables and Package State
Overloading Package Functions and
Procedures
Forward Declarations
Strong REF CURSOR Variables
Weak REF CURSOR Variables

21 Working with LOBs

Large Object Types
Oracle Directories
LOB Locators
Internal LOBs
LOB Storage and SECUREFILES
External LOBs
Temporary LOBs
The DBMS_LOB Package

22 Maintaining PL/SQL Code

Privileges for Stored Programs
Data Dictionary
PL/SQL Stored Program Compilation
Conditional Compilation
Compile-Time Warnings
The PL/SQL Execution Environment
Dependencies and Validation
Maintaining Stored Programs

Appendix A: Using Oracle SQL*Plus

SQL*Plus
The SQL Buffer
Buffer Manipulation Commands
Running SQL*Plus Scripts
Tailoring Your SQL*Plus Environment
Viewing Table Characteristics
SQL*Plus Substitution Variables
Interactive SQL*Plus Scripts
SQL*Plus LOB Support

Appendix B: The Data Dictionary

Introducing the Data Dictionary
DBA, ALL, and USER Data Dictionary
Views
Some Useful Data Dictionary Queries

Appendix C: Dynamic SQL

Generating SQL at Runtime
Native Dynamic SQL vs. DBMS_SQL
Package

The EXECUTE IMMEDIATE
Statement
Using Bind Variables
Multi-row Dynamic Queries
Bulk Operations with Dynamic SQL
Using DBMS_SQL
DBMS_SQL Subprograms

Appendix D: Oracle 11g Supplied Packages