

This four-day course introduces Linux and Unix users to the tasks needed to administer their own system. The course begins with administering user accounts and groups, then moves into file, file system, and disk management. Various archiving commands are shown along with backup strategies. Students will learn about process and job scheduling as well as startup and shutdown procedures. The course finishes with security, system tuning, and networking topics. Generic system administration concepts are covered and related to specific vendors' systems.

### Course Objectives:

- Explain the responsibilities of a UNIX system administrator and perform many of the “hands-on” tasks required to manage a UNIX system.
- Describe the design and operation of UNIX file systems.
- Manage user accounts, including adding and deleting users, changing user account attributes, and controlling password requirements.
- Communicate with users using standard mail and interactive dialogue utilities.
- Manage UNIX processes, including starting and killing jobs in the background, and scheduling jobs to run once or repeatedly at selected times.
- Administer disks and file systems.
- Startup and shutdown UNIX systems.
- Administer the print spooling system.
- Give details of UNIX security issues and implement techniques for secure system software and hardware.
- Reconfigure the UNIX kernel to handle new peripherals or add-on software packages.
- Monitor the performance of a multi-user UNIX system and do simple performance tuning operations.

**Audience:** UNIX administrators and anyone involved with the UNIX System V, Release 4 operating system.

**Prerequisites:** *Fundamentals of UNIX* and some system administration experience recommended.

**Number of Days:** 4 days

<p><b>1. Course Introduction</b>          Course Objectives          Overview          Suggested References</p>	<p>Groups          The /etc/group File          Passwords          Adding Users</p>
<p><b>2. Overview of System Administration</b>          System Administrator Responsibilities          A Brief History of UNIX          Evolving Standards          Navigating the Documentation</p>	<p>Deleting Users          Modifying User Attributes          The Login Process          /etc/profile and .profile          Communicating with Users:</p>
<p><b>3. User Administration</b>          What is a "user" in UNIX?          The /etc/passwd File</p>	<p>/etc/motd          Communicating with Users: The wall Command</p>

- 4. **File System Basics**
  - The Hierarchy
  - Files
  - Directories
  - Device Files
  - Character and Block Devices
  - The/dev Directory
  - Links
  - Symbolic Links
  - A File System Tour
  - The df Command
  - The du Command
  - The find Command
- 5. **Advanced File System Concepts**
  - The Physical File System
  - The Inode File
  - File Storage in Disk Blocks
  - The Superblock
  - The Free List
  - Slices and File Systems
  - File System Types
- 6. **Disk Management**
  - Making a File System
  - The mkfs Command
  - Sharing Filesystems
  - The mount Command
  - The fstab File
  - The fsck Command
  - The lost+found Directory
  - The prtvtoc Command
- 7. **Backups**
  - Backup Strategies
  - Backup Tools
  - The tar Command
  - The cpio Command
  - The dump Command
  - Network Backup Strategies
- 8. **UNIX Processes**
  - Overview of Processes
  - Process Space
  - Process Table
  - The fork/exec Mechanism
  - The ps Command
  - Background Processes
  - The kill Command
  - Scheduling Jobs
- The cron Daemon
- The at Command
- The crontab Command
- Format of cron Files
- Access to Scheduling Facilities
- 9. **System Startup and Shutdown**
  - Run States
  - The init Daemon
  - /etc/inittab
  - The inittab Actions
  - The init Command
  - The rc Scripts
  - Single-User Mode
  - The shutdown Command
- 10. **UNIX System Security**
  - Security Overview
  - Physical Security
  - Account Security
  - SUID and SGID Settings
  - File and Directory Permissions
  - Software Security
- 11. **Performance Monitoring and Tuning**
  - Performance Issues
  - Methods of Improving Performance
  - Swapping and Paging
  - The sar Utility
  - Using sar
  - The truss Command
- 12. **IP Addressing**
  - Basic Network Needs
  - Ethernet Addresses
  - IP Addresses
  - DNS vs /etc/hosts to Resolve IP Addresses
  - Network Addresses
  - Network Classes
  - Broadcast Addresses
  - Subnet Masks
- 13. **Configuring TCP/IP**
  - The /etc/hosts File
  - The ifconfig Command
  - The /etc/services File
  - The inetd Daemon
  - The /etc/inetd.conf File

Simple TCP/IP Troubleshooting:

The ping and netstat Commands

**14. The LP Print Service**

Printing Overview

The lp, lpstat, and cancel Commands

Adding a Printer

The lpadmin Command

The accept and reject Commands

The enable and disable Commands

Adding a Networked Printer

Other Administrative Commands

**15. Network Utilities**

Network Services

telnet - Terminal Emulator

ftp - File Transfer

rcp - Remote Copy

rlogin - Remote Login

rsh - Remote Commands

**16. Kernel Reconfiguration**

Overview of Reconfiguration

Kernel Parameters

Steps to Reconfigure a Kernel

Specific Steps for SVR4

**17. Overview of NIS**

What is NIS?

Why Use NIS?

NIS Design and Implementation

NIS Maps

Configuring NIS